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#### (54) Stablized composition of troponin

(67) Stabilized composition of troponin I or T for immunoassays, comprising an aqueous solution or powdered preparation containing troponin I or troponin T, 1 to 10 molar equivalents of troponin C per molar equivalent of troponin I or T, and optionally Mg<sup>++</sup> and/or Ca<sup>++</sup> ions, T.

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The present invention relates to a stabilized composition of troponin used as standard in serum or

blood plasma troponin immunoassays.

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It is known that troponin is a myofibrillar protein complex consisting of 3 proteins, troponins C, I and T, which triggers the regulation of muscle contraction by Ca<sup>2+</sup>, which contraction results from the interaction of myosin and actin of myofibrils.

When muscle is damaged, whether the cardiac muscle, during a myocardial infarction or the skeletal muscle, during prolonged physical exercise, the contractile proteins then released appear more or less rapidly in the blood stream.

Thus, the determination of troponins for the early diagnosis of myocardial infarction has recently been proposed, whether that of troponin T in Circulation 83 902-912 (1991) or of troponin I in Am. Heart J 110 1333-44 (1987) and Molecular Immunology 29 (2) 271-278 (1992).

Any enzymatic immunoassay or any radioimmunoassay used in pathology laboratories involves, in general, the supply by the manufacturer, in addition to the reagents required for the assay, that is to say labelled or non-labelled antibodies, tracer agents and solutions for dilution, of a standard for the compound to be assayed which, when used under conditions similar to those for the sample to be studied, will serve as reference for calculating the results and/or as positive control.

It is known that proteins are not very stable in solution, and reagents containing them are frequently marketed in freeze-dried form, together with a solvent, of suitable composition, in which the said reagents will

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have to be dissolved by the user before use; keeping the solutions obtained at 4°C makes it possible to u e them for several days, even if daily calibration shows some variation in the concentrations of the reagent; in general, and this is what is recommended for troponin T, the standard solutions prepared from the freeze-dried product are frozen, in unit dose.

Buffered aqueous solutions of troponin, especially those of troponin I and T, can be stored for several months at -80°C, but is has been observed that they are not stable for more than a few hours at +4°C, even if protease inhibitors or antibacterial agents were added thereto, thereby forcing pathology laboratories to frequently prepare, sometimes twice daily, their solutions for calibration.

The present invention allows storage, for several days at +4°C, of more or less diluted standard solutions of troponin I or troponin T which are used as reference in specific immunoassays.

The stabilized composition of the invention comprises, in aqueous medium, one of the two troponins I or T depending on the assay to be carried out and from 1 to 10 molar equivalents of troponin C and preferably from 2 to 5 equivalents, as well as a large amount of Mg" and/or Ca" ions. The Mg" and/or Ca" ions are present in the form of salts, particularly chloride, bromide or nitrate. The quantity of Mg" and/or Ca" salt, may be 100 to 10000 times by weight that of troponin I or troponin T.

Troponin C may be of human or animal origin.

The concentration of troponin I or T in the solutions according to the invention correspond to those generally used in immunoassays, as a rule between 0.01 ng/ml and 1 µg/ml and preferably between 0.2 ng/ml and 25 ng/ml, while the concentration of Mg" and/or Ca"

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salts, which is not critical, may be between 20  $\mu m$  and 10 mM; conventionally, this concentration will be close to 2 mM.

The solution may be buffered, in a conventional manner, to a pH of between 4 and 10, preferably 5.5 and 7.5, and the solvent may consist, partially or totally, of normal human plasma, in order to have a standard sample comprising same components as the sample to be studied, which contains the plasma or the serum from the patient.

The subject-matter of the invention is also a powdered troponin I or T composition, preferably in freeze-dried form, optionally comprising Mg" and/or Ca" ions, such as CaCl<sub>2</sub>, and from 1 to 10 molar equivalents of troponin C, although in this case the presence of troponin C will be useful for ensuring the stability of the other troponins only from the time when the composition will have been dissolved in an aqueous solution by the user.

Possibly, the freeze-dried composition does not contain Mg" and/or Ca" ions. In that case, they are introduced at the dissolution step.

The subject-matter of the invention is also a process for stabilizing a solution of troponin I or T for immunoassays, consisting in adding from 1 to 10 molar equivalents of troponin C per molar equivalent of troponin I or T, and Mg" and/or Ca" ions, for example CaCl<sub>2</sub>.

In what follows, exemplary embodiments of the invention and the corresponding preservation test results are described.

Human troponin I (TnI) was isolated from a heart by the method described in FEBS Lett. 40 253-257 (1974). The solution obtained can be preserved for several months at -80°C, at a concentration greater than

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10  $\mu g/ml$  in phosphate-buffered saline containing 0.5% casein.

Troponin T (TnT) can be obtained as described in J. Biochem. <u>72</u>, 723-735 (1972) or in J. Biol. Chem. <u>249</u> 4742-4748 (1974).

Troponin C (TnC) can be isolated by the method described in Acta Chem. Scand. B 42; 211-215 (1988) from the complex of the 3 troponins (T, C, I), of bovine origin, which is on the market.

The concentrations of the solutions prepared are determined with Bradford reagent, described in Ann. Biochem. 72 248 (1976), and which is marketed; the standard product is a known mixture of troponin I, C and T, marketed by the company SIGMA, freeze-dried, with the reference T 4895.

## Preparation of a composition according to the invention

- Composition containing 5 molecules of troponin C per molecule of troponin I.

276 μg of CaCl<sub>2</sub>, 2H<sub>2</sub>O, 10 μl of troponin I solution at 10 μg/ml and 50 μl of troponin C solution at 10 μg/ml are introduced into 940 μl of KH<sub>2</sub>PO<sub>4</sub> buffer (0.1 M; pH 6.8) containing 10% normal human plasma.

It is preferable to carry out these operations in sterile medium using troponin I and troponin C solutions sterilized for example by passing them through a filter with a pore diameter of 0.22 µm.

The solution obtained, having TnI concentration about 100 ng/ml and TnC concentration about 500 ng/ml, is then used to prepare a series of dilutions from 1 ng/ml to 10 ng/ml of troponin I.

- Solutions containing 1 or 2 or 10 molar equivalents of troponin C relative to troponin I are prepared in the same manner.

35 The powdered composition can be obtained by

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freeze-drying an aqueous comp sition prepared composition prepared as above but with ut human plasma.

Solutions containing 1 to 10 molar equivalents of troponin C relative to troponin T are prepared in a similar manner by substituting troponin I with troponin T.

#### Test procedure

The solutions stored at 4°C are assayed on the chosen days, over 6 weeks, using standard calibration series, prepared immediately before use, from a troponin I solution preserved at -80°C.

The assay is performed with two monoclonal antibodies directed against the myocardial troponin I; the first antibody is adsorbed onto the walls of immunoassay tubes marketed by NUNC (USA) under the reference Maxisorp, Startube; the second antibody is labelled with peroxidase; the method is a sandwich method.

The preparation of these antibodies is described in Molecular Immunology 29 (2) 271-278 (1992). It was observed that there is no interference in this assay with the other isoforms of troponin I, troponin C or the other myocardial proteins.

In the absence of TnC, from the first day of storage, a substantial decrease in the TnI concentration is observed for all the dilutions; if TnC is replaced with actomyosin or with tropomyosin, at the rate of 5 molar equivalents relative to TnI, the concentration of TnI measured after 12 days is now only 2/3 of that of the starting concentration of 10 ng/ml whereas the solutions stabilized with TnC and CaCl<sub>2</sub> are not altered.

After 40 days, the TnI solutions, stabilized with various concentrations of TnC and CaCl<sub>2</sub>, are not altered, whereas the non-stabilized solutions have an apparent concentration which may fall by up to 80%.

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#### **CLAIMS**

- 1. Stabilized composition of troponin I or troponin T for immunoassays, comprising an aqueous solution containing troponin I or troponin T, 1 to 10 molar equivalents of troponin C per molar equivalent of troponin I or T, and Mg" and/or Ca" ions.
- 2. Composition according to Claim 1, containing an amount of Mg" and/or Ca" salts, particularly CaCl2, between 100 to 10000 times by weight of troponin I or troponin T.
- 3. Composition according to one of Claims 1 and 2, comprising troponin I and 2 to 5 molar equivalents of troponin C per molar equivalent of troponin I.
- 4. Composition according to one of Claims 1 to 3, wherein the dilution medium is an aqueous solution buffered to a pH of between 4 and 10.
  - 5. Composition according to Claim 1, wherein the solvent consists of up to 100% human plasma.
- 6. Composition according to one of Claims 3 .20 to 5, wherein the concentration of troponin I is between 0.01 ng/ml and 1 µg/ml and in that the concentration of Ca\*\* salts is between 20 µM and 10 mM.
- 7. Powdered composition for the preparation of a stabilized composition according to one of the 25 preceding claims, containing troponin I or troponin T, 1 to 10 molar equivalents of troponin C per molar equivalent of troponin I or T and optionally Mg and/or Ca ions.
- 30 Composition according to one of the 8. preceding claims, containing CaCl2.
  - 9. Composition according to Claim 7 in freeze-dried form and free of Mg\* and/or Ca\* ions.
- Process for stabilizing an aqueous 10. composition of troponin I r T for immunoassays, consis-35

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ting in adding from 1 to 10 molar equivalents of troponin C per molar equivalent f troponin I r T, and Mg $^{**}$  and/or Ca $^{**}$  ions.

11. Process according to claim 10, consisting in adding a quantity of Mg<sup>\*\*</sup> and/or Ca<sup>\*\*</sup> salts, particularly CaCl<sub>2</sub>, preferably equal to 100 to 10000 times by weight of troponin I or troponin T.

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(ii) Int Cl (Ed.5) G01N 33/53, 33/68, 33/96	Date of completion of Search 26 MAY 1994
Databases (see below) (i) UK Patent Office collections of GB, EP, WO and US patent specifications.	Documents considered relevant following a search in respect of Claims:-
(ii) ONLINE DATABASES: WPI, BIOTECH (DIALOG)	1-11

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